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Washington, D. C. 20505

DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE

SEP 1985 MEMORANDUM FOR: Rollinde Prager Director of Commodity Policy Office of the United States Trade Representative 25X1 FROM Acting Chief, Economics Division Office of Global Issues : Impact of Possible US Withdrawal from International SUBJECT Coffee Agreement -- Implications for Latin American 25X1 Coffee Export Earnings The attached analysis of the Impact of Possible US Withdrawal from the International Coffee Agreement -- Implications for Latin American Coffee Export Earnings, has been prepared in response to your request. I hope it proves to be helpful. If we can be of further assistance or you have follow-up 25X1 questions, please call 25X1 25X1 Attachment: Impact of Possible US Withdrawal from International Coffee Agreement --25X1 Implications for Latin American Coffee Export Earnings GI M 85-10232, September 1985, 25X1 25X1 ON FILE Department of Agriculture RELEASE GIM85-10232 INSTRUCTIONS APPLY

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3 September 1985

Impact of Possible US Withdrawal from International
Coffee Agreement--Implications for Latin American
Coffee Export Earnings

Summary							
If the US withdraws from the International Coffee Agreement, coffee prices are likely to fall, probably to around the 90 cent-a-pound level. At this price, we estimate that Latin American coffee export earnings could fall by around 25 percent to approximately \$5.3 billion. This decline in earnings would hit El Salvador hardest followed by Colombia, Nicaragua, Haiti, and Guatemala—dampening their ability to service their debt and import capital goods for economic development purposes.							
This memorandum was prepared by Commodit Markets Branch, Office of Global Issues. The information contained herein i	S						
updated to 3 September 1985. Comments may be directed to Acting Chief, Economics Division,	25X1 25X1						
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Impact of Possible US Withdrawal from International Coffee Agreement-Implications for Latin American Coffee Export Earnings

Assumptions

If the US withdraws from the International Coffee Agreement (ICA), coffee
prices are likely to fall to a level somewhere between the world quota market
price to consumer memberscurrently \$1.20 per poundand the price being paid
by non-memberscurrently 60-80 cents per pound. Under such a situation, our
best guess is that US importers would be offered coffee at a market
equilibrium price of around 90 cents per pound. Such a large price drop would
occur, in our judgment, because of the importance of the United States as a
coffee importer, accounting for almost one-third of ICA imports.

With the exact level being quite uncertain, we examined 1985/86 earnings under three average price scenarios:

\$1.20 per pound (roughly the current price)

\$1.05 per pound (a high post-ICA price)

\$0.90 per pound (a low post-ICA price)

The volume of exports for the individual Latin American producers was assumed to match levels currently forecast by USDA/FAS and include estimates of exports to members and non-members alike. Given the well-established price inelasticity for coffee, we assumed that there would be no short-run price-induced changes in the volume of exports.

Since the unit price received by individual LDCs for coffee exports varies depending on the quality of the coffee produced, we had to determine the price individual LDCs would receive under each price scenario. To do

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this, we calculated unit export prices for coffee exports to the US by each Latin American coffee producer over the period 1982-1984. The amount each LDC received above or below the group's average was then tabulated and the price they received in each scenario adjusted by this difference. For example, over this period El Salvador received 3 cents more per pound for coffee exported to the US than the average Latin American exporter. Under the \$1.20 per pound price scenario, therefore, El Salvador is assumed to receive \$1.23 per pound for its coffee.

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Implications

If prices remain at their current level of \$1.20 per pound—the current floor price of the ICA—coffee export earnings for the region for 1985/86 would reach approximately \$7 billion. If, in contrast, prices fall to the 90 cent-per-pound level—which some experts predict—earnings would fall to around \$5.3 billion.¹ This 25 percent decline in foreign exchange earnings would hit hardest those economies most dependent on coffee, especially the seven Latin American nations which depend on coffee for more than 20 percent of their annual export earnings (Tables 1 and 2 and Figures 1-3). The situation would be compounded by the fact that many of these countries are also heavily dependent on sugar exports and are facing extremely low world sugar prices—averaging under 4 cents a pound in July 1985 compared with 28 cents a pound in July 1980—and continued contraction in the volume of exports for premium—priced (around 20 cents a pound) sugar to the US under its quota system.

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^{1.} Implicit in this analysis is our belief that the ICA would either collapse without the US--the world's largest consumer accounting for almost one-third of global import demand--or that a smaller organization would be less able to defend the current price using the export quota instrument.

The fall in export earnings from coffee would reduce the ability of these countries to service their substantial debt and to import capital goods for development purposes (Table 3 and Figures 4-6). El Salvador, the region's most coffee-dependent country, would be the most adversely affected. With coffee representing around two-thirds of El Salvador's total export earnings, a drop in coffee prices to 90 cents a pound would translate into an earnings loss of more than \$100 million-almost equal to the country's debt-service obligation.

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Colombia's coffee growers--caught in a cost-price squeeze with rising production costs for fertilizer and labor and declining coffee prices--could find production of illicit crops more attractive. Earlier research by this Office has revealed that depressed economic conditions, among other key factors, have contributed to the recent expansion by the drug industry in a number of the source countries in Latin America, particularly Mexico, Colombia, Peru, Bolivia, Belize, Costa Rica and Jamaica.²

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Table 1

Latin America: Value of Coffee Exports
in Relation to Total Exports and Debt Service
for Selected Coffee Exporters 1980-1982

Big Three Exporters	Value of Coffee Exports (Mil \$)	Coffee Share of Country's Total Exports Percent	Coffee's Rank Among Leading Exports	Debt Service ¹ (Mil \$)	Coffee Exports as Share of Debt Service Percent
Brazil*	2,210	1.0.5	2nd	17,801	0.124
Colombia*	1,814	54.4	1st	1,358	1.336
Mexico	384	2.0	3rd	15,206	0.253
Central America					
Costa Rica*	242	23.5	1st	299	0.809
El Salvador*	442	60.0	· 1st	112	3.946
Guatemala*	340	26.0	1st	170	2.000
Honduras*	177	23.6	2nd	248	0.714
Nicaragua*	147	34.8	1st	251	0.586
Caribbean & Other So. America					
Dominican Rep.*	80	8.2	3rd	371	0.216
Haiti*	49	26.5	1st	34	1.441
Ecuador*	141	5.9	3rd	1,194	0.118
Paraguay	24	7.3	1st	182	0.132
Peru*	120	3.4	9th	2,389	0.050

^{1. 1980-1982} average.

^{*} Countries where sugar also is a leading export commodity.

Table 2

Latin America: Value of Coffee Exports by Country
1975 - 1982
(million US Dollars)

	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
D: 0 D								
Big 3 Exporters								
Brazi l								
Coffee Exports	934	2,398	2,613	2,294	2,326	2,771	1,727	2,133
Total Exports	8,670	10,128	12,050	12,527	15,244	20,180	22,743	
Coffee % of Total	10.8	23.7	21.7	18.3		13.7	7.6	10.6
Colombia								
Coffee Exports	744	1,023	1,561	2,137	2,204	2,417	1,446	1,578
Total Exports	1,465	1,745	•	3,003		3,945		•
Coffee % of Total	50.8	58.8		70.3	66.8	61.3	•	
Mexico				•				
Coffee Exports	190	413	512	422	606	463	339	350
Total Exports	2,992	3,361					20,041	
Coffee % of Total	6.3	12.3		7.2	6.9	3.0	1.7	1.7
Central America								
Costa Rica								
Coffee Exports	97	159	342	310	318	247	239	239
Total Exports	493	593	828	865	934	1,002	1,209	872
Coffee % of Total	19.7	26.9	41.2	35.9	34.1	24.6	19.7	27.4
El Salvador								
Coffee Exports	230	404	790	469	635	620	322	384
Total Exports	513	721	973	631	1,032	720	792	696
Coffee % of Total	44.7	56.0	81.2	74.4	61.5	86.1	40.7	55.1
Guatemala								
Coffee Exports	159	289	541	461	483	332	324	364
Total Exports	641	760	1,160	1,089	1,241	1,520	1,226	1,173
Coffee % of Total	24.8	38.1	46.1	42.4	38.9	21.8	26.4	31.0
Honduras								
Coffee Exports	57	101	169	212	197	204	173	153
Total Exports	303	392	519	613	734	829	760	660
Coffee % of Total	18.8	25.7	32.6	34.5	26.8	24.6	22.7	23.1

Table 2 (Cont'd)

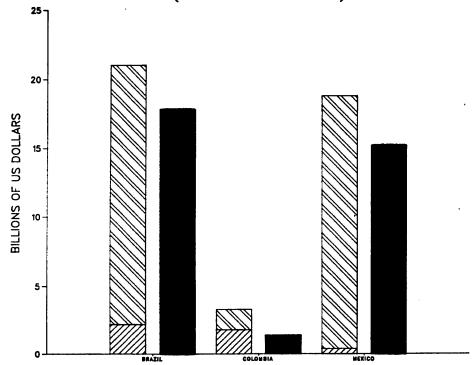
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982
55	110	194	196	157	178	12/	130
							400
14.8	20.4	30.4	30.3	27.7	39.7	32.0	32.4
2	3	4	9	10	10	11	13
280	238	243	247	295	351		309
0.8	1.2	1.8	3.5	3.3	2.8	3.7	4.3
44	101	185	98	158	73	75	93
894	716	781	676				768
4.9	14.1	23.7	14.5	18.1	7.5	6.3	12.1
23	51	70	49	74	60	31	57
	125	143	159	148	226	160	170
27.9	40.6	49.1	31.0	50.1	26.3	19.6	33.4
4	5	5	3	4	5	5	8
759	633	768	788	817	965	974	820
0.5	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0
			_				
			-				4
• .			-	•			
0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
	14	20	17	25	14	14	18
445	566	634	635	754	927	893	832
1.6	2.5	3.1	2.7	3.4	1.5	1.6	2.1
		180	263	273	139	122	163
	•		1,494	2,013	2,481	2,542	
7.5	16.5	12.5	17.6	13.6	5.6	4.8	7.6
	55 375 14.8 2 280 0.8 44 894 4.9 23 81 27.9 4 759 0.5	55 110 375 542 14.8 20.4 2 3 280 238 0.8 1.2 44 101 894 716 4.9 14.1 23 51 81 125 27.9 40.6 4 5 759 633 0.5 0.7 4 4 1,754 2,189 0.2 0.2 7 14 445 566 1.6 2.5	55 110 194 375 542 639 14.8 20.4 30.4 2 3 4 280 238 243 0.8 1.2 1.8 44 101 185 894 716 781 4.9 14.1 23.7 23 51 70 81 125 143 27.9 40.6 49.1 4 5 759 633 768 0.5 0.7 0.7 4 7 14 20 445 566 634 1.6 2.5 3.1 67 207 180 897 1,258 1,436	55 110 194 196 375 542 639 646 14.8 20.4 30.4 30.3 2 3 4 9 280 238 243 247 0.8 1.2 1.8 3.5 44 101 185 98 894 716 781 676 4.9 14.1 23.7 14.5 23 51 70 49 81 125 143 159 27.9 40.6 49.1 31.0 4 5 75 633 768 788 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.3 4 7 14 20 77 1754 2,189 2,180 2,040 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.3 7 14 20 17 445 566 634 635 1.6 2.5 3.1 2.7	55 110 194 196 157 375 542 639 646 567 14.8 20.4 30.4 30.3 27.7 2 3 4 9 10 280 238 243 247 295 0.8 1.2 1.8 3.5 3.3 44 101 185 98 158 894 716 781 676 869 4.9 14.1 23.7 14.5 18.1 23 51 70 49 74 81 125 143 159 148 27.9 40.6 49.1 31.0 50.1 4 5 759 633 768 788 817 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.5 4 759 633 768 788 817 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.5 4 759 633 768 788 817 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.5 4 759 633 768 788 817 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.5	55 110 194 196 157 178 375 542 639 646 567 448 14.8 20.4 30.4 30.3 27.7 39.7 2 3 4 9 10 10 280 238 243 247 295 351 0.8 1.2 1.8 3.5 3.3 2.8 44 101 185 98 158 73 894 716 781 676 869 962 4.9 14.1 23.7 14.5 18.1 7.5 23 51 70 49 74 60 81 125 143 159 148 226 27.9 40.6 49.1 31.0 50.1 26.3 4 5 5 5 3 4 5 759 633 768 788 817 965 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.5 0.5 4 7 14 20 17 7 7 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 7 14 20 17 25 14 245 566 634 635 754 927 1.6 2.5 3.1 2.7 3.4 1.5	55 110 194 196 157 178 134 375 542 639 646 567 448 420 14.8 20.4 30.4 30.3 27.7 39.7 32.0 2 3 4 9 10 10 11 280 238 243 247 295 351 315 0.8 1.2 1.8 3.5 3.3 2.8 3.7 3.4 9 14.1 23.7 14.5 18.1 7.5 6.3 23 51 70 49 74 60 31 81 125 143 159 148 226 160 27.9 40.6 49.1 31.0 50.1 26.3 19.6 27.9 40.6 49.1 31.0 50.1 26.3 19.6 4 5 5 5 3 4 5 5 759 633 768 788 817 965 974 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1 26.3 1.6 2.5 3.1 2.7 3.4 1.5 1.6 67 207 180 263 273 3.4 1.5 1.6 67 207 180 263 273 3.4 1.5 1.6 67 207 180 263 273 139 122 897 1,258 1,436 1,494 2,013 2,481 2,542 389 1.258 1,436 1,494 2,013 2,481 2,542 389 1.258 1,436 1,494 2,013 2,481 2,542 389 1.258 1,436 1,494 2,013 2,481 2,542

Table 2 (Cont'd)

	<u>1975</u>	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	<u>1981</u>	1982
Paraguay								
Coffee Exports	9	6	9	15	6	17	28	26
Total Exports	177	181	279	257	305	310	296	_
Coffee % of Total	4.9	3.3	3.3	5.9	2.1	5.4	9.3	- • •
Peru								
Coffee Exports	53	101	198	168	245	141	106	113
Total Exports	1,291	1,360	1,726	1,941		3,898		3,300
Coffee % of Total	4.1	7.4	11.5	8.7	7.0	3.6	3.3	
Venezue la								
Coffee Exports	4	4	6	7	7	6	5	A
Total Exports	1,754	2,189						3,072
Coffee % of Total	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.2			
Total								
Latin America								
Coffee Exports	2,683	5,393	7,405	7,137	7,735	7,704	5,106	5,830

Sources: UNCTAD Handbook of International Trade and Development Statistics, 1983, International Financial Statistics, International Coffee Organization

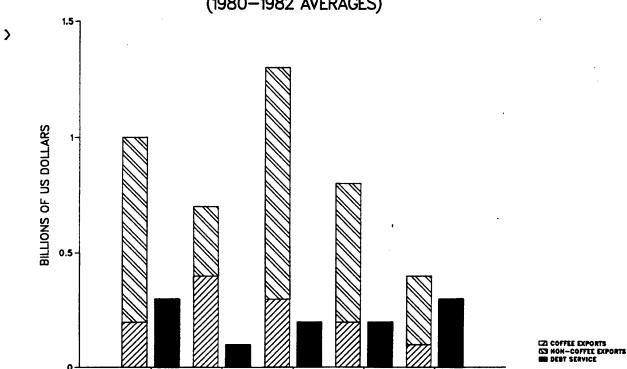


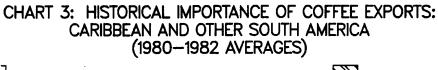


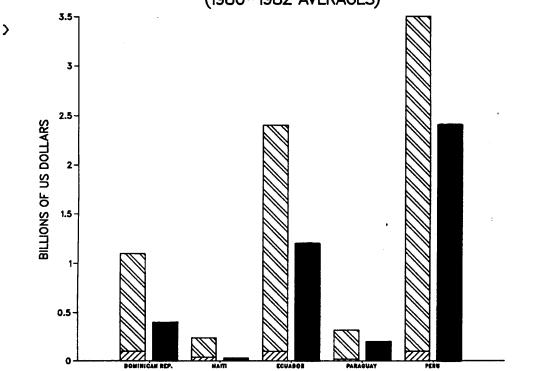
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CZ COFFEE EXPORTS
SE NON-COFFEE EXPORTS
DEST SERVICE









COFFEE EXPORTS
NON-COFFEE EXPORTS
DEBT SERVICE

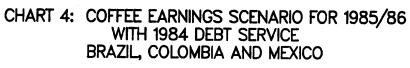
Table 3

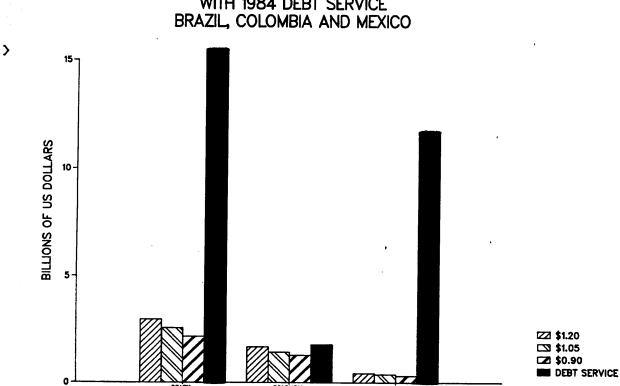
Latin America: Coffee Export Earning Scenarios Compared
With Debt Service For Selected Exporting Countries

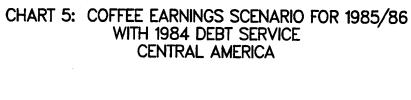
Big Three Exporters	Export Volume ¹ (1,000 60 kg bag)	Price Adjust- ment Factor (¢ per lb)	Price and E at \$1.20 pe Adj. Earnin (¢ per lb)	r pound	Price and E at \$1.05 pe Adj. Price (\$ per lb)	er pound Earnings	Price and E at \$0.90 pe Adj. Price (\$ per lb)	er pound	1984 Debt Service (Mil \$)
Brazil Colombia	19,000 10,000	-0.01 +0.05	1.19 1.25	3,001 1,651	1.04 1,10	2,624 1,453	0.89 0.95	2,247 1,254	15,561 1,855
Mexi∞	2,650	+0.07	1.27	444	1.12	391	0.97	339	11,741
Central America ²								332	22,722
Costa Rica El Salvador Guatemala Honduras Nicaragua Caribbean &	1,802 2,800 2,100 1,300 725	+0.01 +0.03 +0.00 -0.06 +0.03	1.21 1.23 1.20 1.14 1.23	289 455 333 197 118	1.06 1.08 1.05 0.99 1.08	253 399 292 171 104	0.91 0.93 0.90 0.84 0.93	217 344 250 145 89	396 130 269 243 215
Other So. America ²									
Dominican Rep. Haiti	530 42 0	-0.03 -0.11	1.17 1.09	82 60	1.02 0.94	71 52	0.87 0.79	61 44	410 43
Ecuador	1,500	-0.12	1.08	214	0.93	184	0.78	155	798
Paraguay	260	-0.13	1.07	37	0.92	32	0.77	27	208
Peru Total	$\frac{1,000}{44,087}$	-0.07	1.13	$\frac{150}{7,031}$	0.98	$\frac{130}{6,156}$	0.83	$\frac{110}{5,282}$	$\frac{1,592}{33,461}$

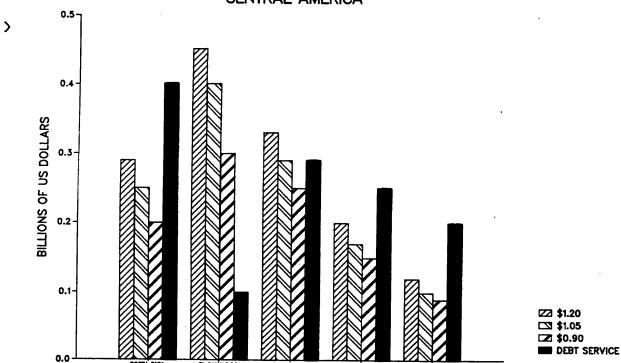
¹ Export volume data based on latest USDA estimates for 1985/86 (Oct/Sept) coffee year.

 $^{^2\,}$ Excludes minor Latin American coffee exporters Panama, Jamaica, Trinidad to Tobago, Bolivia and Venezuela









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